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BOOTH LUIS

Journal des chemins de fer, des mines et des travaux publics Harvard University Press

This volume addresses fundamental issues in the philosophy of science in the context of two most intriguing fields: biology and economics. Written by authorities and experts in the philosophy of biology and economics, *Mechanism and Causality in Biology and Economics* provides a structured study of the concepts of mechanism and causality in these disciplines and draws careful juxtapositions between philosophical apparatus and scientific practice. By exploring the issues that are most salient to the contemporary philosophies of biology and economics and by presenting comparative analyses, the book serves as a platform not only for gaining mutual understanding between scientists and philosophers of the life sciences and those of the social sciences, but also for sharing interdisciplinary research that combines both philosophical concepts in both fields. The book begins by defining the concepts of mechanism and causality in biology and economics, respectively. The second and third parts investigate philosophical perspectives of various causal and mechanistic issues in scientific practice in the two fields. These two sections include chapters on causal issues in the theory of evolution; experiments and scientific discovery; representation of causal relations and mechanism by models in economics. The concluding section presents interdisciplinary studies of various topics concerning extrapolation of life sciences and social sciences, including chapters on the philosophical investigation of conjoining biological and economic analyses with, respectively, demography, medicine and sociology.

Human Rights and Community-led Development Springer Science & Business Media

Examining in detail the work of consecration carried out by elite education systems, Bourdieu analyzes the distinctive

forms of power—political, intellectual, bureaucratic, and economic—by means of which contemporary societies are governed.

Imperialism and World Economy

Stanford University Press

Rationality and freedom are among the most profound and contentious concepts in philosophy and the social sciences. In this, the first of two volumes, Amartya Sen brings clarity and insight to these difficult issues.

The Policy Paradox in Africa

Connaissances et Savoirs

Poverty, inequality, violence, environmental degradation, and tyranny continue to afflict the world. Ethics of Global Development offers a moral reflection on the ends and means of local, national, and global efforts to overcome these five scourges. After emphasizing the role of ethics in development studies, policy-making, and practice, David A. Crocker analyzes and evaluates Amartya Sen's philosophy of development in relation to alternative ethical outlooks. He argues that Sen's turn to robust ideals of human agency and democracy improves on both Sen's earlier emphasis on 'capabilities and functionings' and Martha Nussbaum's version of the capability orientation. This agency-focused capability approach is then extended and strengthened by applying it to the challenges of consumerism and hunger, the development responsibilities of affluent individuals and nations, and the dilemmas of globalization. Throughout the book the author argues for the importance of more inclusive and deliberative democratic institutions.

Annales algériennes de géographie Editeur officiel du Québec

The essays collected here in honor of Marx Wartofsky's sixty-fifth birthday are a celebration of his rich contribution to philosophy over the past four decades and a testimony to the wide influence he has had on thinkers with quite various approaches of their own. His diverse philosophical interests and main themes have ranged from constructivism and realism in the philosophy of science to practices of representation and the creation of artifacts in aesthetics; and

from the development of human cognition and the historicity of modes of knowing to the construction of norms in the context of concrete social critique. Or again, in the history of philosophy, his work spans historical approaches to Hegel, Feuerbach, and Marx, as well as contemporary implications of their work; and in applied philosophy, problems of education, medicine, and new technologies. Marx's philosophical theorizing moves from the highest levels of abstraction to the most concrete concern with the everyday and with contemporary social and political reality. And perhaps most notably, it is acutely sensitive to the importance of historical development and social practice. As a student of John Herman Randall, Jr. and Ernest Nagel at Columbia, Marx developed an exemplary background in both the history of philosophy and systematic philosophy and subsequently combined this with a wide acquaintance with analytic philosophy. He is at once aware of the requirements of system and of the need for rigorous and careful detailed argument.

Free Man's Library Editions L'Harmattan
The author of the international bestseller *The Rise and Fall of the Third Reich* offers a personal account of life in Nazi Germany at the start of WWII. By the late 1930s, Adolf Hitler, Führer of the Nazi Party, had consolidated power in Germany and was leading the world into war. A young foreign correspondent was on hand to bear witness. More than two decades prior to the publication of his acclaimed history, *The Rise and Fall of the Third Reich*, William L. Shirer was a journalist stationed in Berlin. During his years in the Nazi capital, he kept a daily personal diary, scrupulously recording everything he heard and saw before being forced to flee the country in 1940. *Berlin Diary* is Shirer's first-hand account of the momentous events that shook the world in the mid-twentieth century, from the annexation of Austria and Czechoslovakia to the fall of Poland and France. A remarkable personal memoir of an extraordinary time, it chronicles the author's thoughts and experiences while living in the shadow of the Nazi beast. Shirer recalls the surreal spectacles of the Nuremberg rallies, the

terror of the late-night bombing raids, and his encounters with members of the German high command while he was risking his life to report to the world on the atrocities of a genocidal regime. At once powerful, engrossing, and edifying, William L. Shirer's Berlin Diary is an essential historical record that illuminates one of the darkest periods in human civilization. The Famine Plot Persuasion in Eighteenth-century France U of Minnesota Press
This work has been selected by scholars as being culturally important, and is part of the knowledge base of civilization as we know it. This work is in the "public domain in the United States of America, and possibly other nations. Within the United States, you may freely copy and distribute this work, as no entity (individual or corporate) has a copyright on the body of the work. Scholars believe, and we concur, that this work is important enough to be preserved, reproduced, and made generally available to the public. We appreciate your support of the preservation process, and thank you for being an important part of keeping this knowledge alive and relevant. L'Europe naissante Vandenhoeck & Ruprecht
Le développement des économies africaines dépend du succès d'une large réforme agraire. Cet ouvrage présente les trois voies qui conduisent à la transformation de l'agriculture : une meilleure politique agraire et agricole, l'amélioration des méthodes de culture et un autre type de gestion qui éviteraient les différentes politiques d'ajustement agricole préconisées par le Fonds Monétaire International. L'agriculture doit tendre vers une décentralisation, la transformation locale des produits, la satisfaction des besoins internes. L'Afrique fonde aussi ses espoirs sur la vitalité de ses ressources humaines : les femmes qui s'émancipent, les jeunes qui font de l'éducation leur cheval de bataille. Car, il faut le reconnaître, l'aide étrangère n'est pas d'un grand secours ; les grands bénéficiaires sont encore et toujours les pays riches. Il faut alors compter sur soi-même pour accélérer le développement parce qu'il n'y aura pas de plan Marshall pour l'Afrique. Cet ouvrage est le deuxième de trois tomes consacrés à l'économie africaine et dont le but est d'éclairer le public sur les problèmes socio-économiques et politiques de l'Afrique. Le Tome I présente la problématique du développement (crise et croissance) de l'Afrique en écartant les concepts inadaptés de l'Occident. Le Tome III approfondit l'étude du rôle que l'Etat doit jouer pour assurer les régulations

nécessaires favorisant un développement harmonieux dans une perspective régionale et continentale.

L'économie politique de l'Afrique au XXI^e siècle: Facteurs de développement en Afrique

NYU Press
The fact that the global economy is broken may be widely accepted, but what precisely needs to be fixed has become the subject of enormous controversy. In 2008, the President of the United Nations General Assembly convened an international panel, chaired by Nobel Prize-winning economist Joseph Stiglitz and including 20 leading experts on the international monetary system, to address this crucial issue. This report controversially establishes a bold agenda for policy change, both broad in scope and profound in its ambitions.

The Ancient Economy Ludwig von Mises Institute

One of the biggest debates in economic history deals with the Great Divergence. How can we explain that at a certain moment in time (the eighteenth and nineteenth centuries) a certain part of the world (the West) escaped from general poverty and became much richer than it had ever been before and than the rest of the world? Many prominent scholars discussed this question and came up with many different answers. This book provides a systematic analysis of the most important of those answers by means of an analysis of possible explanations in terms of natural resources, labour, capital, the division of labour and market exchange, accumulation and innovation, and as potential underlying determining factors institutions and culture. The author juxtaposes the views of economists / social scientists and of global historians and systematically compares Great Britain and China to illustrate his position. He qualifies the importance of natural resources, accumulation and the extension of markets, points at the importance of factor prices and changes in consumption and emphasizes the role of innovation, institutions - in particular an active developmental state - and culture.

Le Paradigme du don dans l'espace social d'Emmaüs

Editions L'Harmattan
This book explores the linkages between Amartya Sen's Capability Approach and participatory forms of development - especially those associated with critical pedagogy and empowerment from the bottom-up. It shows how the capability approach and the participatory movement can complement and reinforce each other helping to ensure that democratic principles are respected and become the foundation for sustainable human

development. The Capability Approach provides guiding principles for protecting the transformative roots of participation (safeguarding ownership, accountability and empowerment), while participation delivers vital methods for making the Capability Approach operational. Divided into three overlapping parts that focus on concepts, methods and applications, this work draws on diverse fieldwork experiences to unpack power relations, address adaptive preferences, explore individual and collective agency, consider new partnerships for development, and develop innovative concepts.

Mechanism and Causality in Biology and Economics

Ludwig von Mises Institute
Provides cross-disciplinary perspectives on the study of animals in humanities
Subject Index of Modern Books Acquired 1881/1900-. Springer Science & Business Media

Cet ouvrage présente les choix politiques, économiques et sociaux en matière hydrique dans une perspective historique. En vérité, les politiques hydrauliques américaines de l'abondance au XIX^e et au XX^e siècles étaient difficilement compatibles avec l'aridité naturelle de l'Ouest américain. Aussi, la société hydraulique californienne s'est-elle retrouvée sur la défensive face à la montée en puissance du mouvement écologiste à la fin du XX^e siècle. Aujourd'hui, on est passé du "développement durable" à la gestion de la "pénurie" qui marque le XXI^e siècle. Les "proclamations de sécheresse", toujours plus contraignantes pour les consommateurs d'eau et les industries, correspondent à des chaleurs et à une aridité jamais enregistrées jusqu'ici et déclenchant des feux de forêt d'une ampleur croissante. Enfin, au cours de la dernière décennie, la Californie a perdu 3 millions d'habitants, qui ont migré vers d'autres Etats, où le coût de la vie est moins élevé, notamment à cause des surcoûts causés par les mesures écologiques qui brident le développement urbain.

Annales de la Chambre des députés Rosetta Books

Les communautés Emmaüs et le Mouvement Emmaüs dans son ensemble font partie du patrimoine national. La figure de leur fondateur l'abbé Pierre reste, neuf ans après sa disparition, un personnage de tout premier ordre. Cet ouvrage propose une relecture sociologique désenchantée de l'oeuvre du célèbre prêtre, à partir du choix conceptuel du don anthropologique. Il éclaire et déconstruit la figure emblématique du fondateur d'Emmaüs et

revisite l'économie du don telle que pratiquée dans les communautés. Comment l'histoire familiale de l'abbé Pierre et son inscription dans la tradition franciscaine explique-t-elle un déterminisme social qui interroge la notion de vocation? Comment le principe organisateur de l'altruisme impose-t-il sa doxa aux acteurs du système emmaüssien? Comment le Mouvement Emmaüs articule-t-il aujourd'hui ses fondements historiques et idéologiques avec l'inéluctable aspiration des "Compagnons" à rejoindre le droit commun en matière de travail? Quelle est la place des communautés Emmaüs dans le paysage médico-social français? En quoi les associations Emmaüs répondent-elles aux politiques sociales de l'insertion? Autant de questions qui trouveront des éléments de réponses et donneront au lecteur une vision renouvelée du "monde d'Emmaüs".

Traité des impôts Vintage

The world has changed radically since 1989, when the General Assembly declared the period from 1990 to 1999 as the United Nations Decade of International Law. During that time, the international community claimed some major achievements as reflected by the adoption of conventions and treaties. This publication presents a collection of essays from legal advisers of States and international organizations, all of whom are among those committed to promoting respect for international law. Their contribution provides a practical perspective on international law, viewed from the standpoint of those involved in its formation, application and administration.

The Stiglitz Report Scholar's Choice

As insightful and wise today as it was when originally published in 1954, Jacques Ellul's *The Technological Society* has become a classic in its field, laying the groundwork for all other studies of technology and society that have followed. Ellul offers a penetrating analysis of our technological civilization, showing how technology—which began innocuously enough as a servant of humankind—threatens to overthrow humanity itself in its ongoing creation of an environment that meets its own ends. No conversation about the dangers of technology and its unavoidable effects on society can begin without a careful reading of this book. "A magnificent book . . . He goes through one human activity after another and shows how it has been technicized, rendered efficient, and diminished in the process."—Harper's "One of the most important books of the second half of the twentieth-century. In it, Jacques Ellul convincingly demonstrates that technology, which we continue to conceptualize as the servant of man, will overthrow everything that prevents the internal logic of its development, including humanity itself—unless we take necessary steps to move human society out of the environment that 'technique' is creating to meet its own needs."—The Nation "A description of the way in which technology has become completely autonomous and is in the process of taking over the traditional values of every society without exception, subverting and suppressing these values to produce at last a monolithic world culture in which all non-technological difference and variety are mere appearance."—Los Angeles Free Press

Studies in the Labor Theory of Value

United Nations Publications

A sixth compilation of lectures delivered at the Collège de France between 1970 and 1984 continues the speaker's coverage of 18th-century political economy, evaluating its role in the origins of a liberal governmental rationality that is at the heart of current debates about the role and status of neo-liberalism today. 10,000 first printing. Reprint.

The Birth of Biopolitics The New Press

It provided technical and financial support to economic research centres in sub-Saharan Africa (SSA) so that they can undertake policy-relevant research with the goal of influencing economic policy-making. In January 2005, the Secretariat organized an international conference in Dakar, Senegal, during which participants from key economic think tanks presented their experiences in the policy development process in Africa. Of particular interest was the role of economic research and economic researchers in policy-making. The authors examine the extent to which economic policies that are formulated in the sub-continent draw from research based on local realities and undertaken by local researchers and research networks in Africa.

Berlin Diary Cambridge University Press

This pioneering survey of the development of the "labor theory of value," advances Marxian economic categories for contemporary conditions.

Escaping poverty Picador

In this book it explores science and technology, makes connections between these epistemic, cultural, and political trends, and develops profound insights into the nature of our postmodernity.